

## 方程式の計算（分数②）

**例題** 次の方程式を解け。

(1)  $\frac{5x+7}{2} + \frac{2x+5}{3} = 2$

答

(2)  $x+2 - \frac{x+5}{3} = \frac{3}{4}$

答

**練習A** 次の方程式を解け。

(1)  $\frac{2x-3}{5} - \frac{9x-7}{4} = 3$

答

(2)  $\frac{12-x}{3} = \frac{3x+3}{4}$

答

(3)  $\frac{3x-4}{8} = \frac{5x-14}{6}$

答

(4)  $\frac{x-6}{2} = \frac{4x-14}{3}$

答

練習B 次の方程式を解け。

$$(1) \frac{2x+5}{3} + \frac{-4x+2}{5} = 1$$

答

$$(2) \frac{2x-3}{4} + \frac{3x+2}{2} = 2$$

答

$$(3) x+1 + \frac{x+3}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

答

$$(4) \frac{1-2x}{4} - \frac{4x+14}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

答

$$(5) x-2 - \frac{x+2}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

答

$$(6) \frac{3x-6}{4} - \frac{2x+5}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

答

## 方程式の計算（分数②）

**例題** 次の方程式を解け。

(1)  $\frac{5x+7}{2} + \frac{2x+5}{3} = 2$

★

$$\frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{6}}(5x+7)}{\underset{2}{\cancel{2}_1}} + \frac{\overset{2}{\cancel{6}}(2x+5)}{\underset{3}{\cancel{3}_1}} = 2 \times 6$$

$$3(5x+7) + 2(2x+5) = 12$$

$$15x + 21 + 4x + 10 = 12$$

$$15x + 4x = 12 - 21 - 10$$

$$19x = -19$$

$$\frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{19}x}}{\underset{19}{\cancel{19}_1}} = \frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{19}}}{\underset{19}{\cancel{19}_1}}$$

$$x = -1$$

答  $x = -1$

(2)  $x + 2 - \frac{x+5}{3} = \frac{3}{4}$

★

$$12x + 2 \times 12 - \frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{12}}(x+5)}{\underset{3}{\cancel{3}_1}} = \frac{3}{\underset{4}{\cancel{4}_1}} \times \overset{3}{\cancel{12}^3}$$

$$12x + 24 - 4(x+5) = 9$$

$$12x + 24 - 4x - 20 = 9$$

$$12x - 4x = 9 - 24 + 20$$

$$8x = 5$$

$$\frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{8}x}}{\underset{8}{\cancel{8}_1}} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{8}$$

答  $x = \frac{5}{8}$

**練習A** 次の方程式を解け。

(1)  $\frac{2x-3}{5} - \frac{9x-7}{4} = 3$

★

$$\frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{20}}(2x-3)}{\underset{5}{\cancel{5}_1}} - \frac{\overset{5}{\cancel{20}}(9x-7)}{\underset{4}{\cancel{4}_1}} = 3 \times 20$$

$$4(2x-3) - 5(9x-7) = 60$$

$$8x - 12 - 45x + 35 = 60$$

$$8x - 45x = 60 + 12 - 35$$

$$-37x = 37$$

$$\frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{37}x}}{\underset{-37}{\cancel{-37}_1}} = \frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{37}}}{\underset{-37}{\cancel{-37}_1}}$$

$$x = -1$$

答  $x = -1$

(2)  $\frac{12-x}{3} = \frac{3x+3}{4}$

★

$$\frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{12}}(12-x)}{\underset{3}{\cancel{3}_1}} = \frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{12}}(3x+3)}{\underset{4}{\cancel{4}_1}}$$

$$4(12-x) = 3(3x+3)$$

$$48 - 4x = 9x + 9$$

$$-4x - 9x = 9 - 48$$

$$-13x = -39$$

$$\frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{13}x}}{\underset{-13}{\cancel{-13}_1}} = \frac{\overset{-3}{\cancel{-39}}}{\underset{-13}{\cancel{-13}_1}}$$

$$x = 3$$

答  $x = 3$

(3)  $\frac{3x-4}{8} = \frac{5x-14}{6}$

★

$$\frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{24}}(3x-4)}{\underset{8}{\cancel{8}_1}} = \frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{24}}(5x-14)}{\underset{6}{\cancel{6}_1}}$$

$$3(3x-4) = 4(5x-14)$$

$$9x - 12 = 20x - 56$$

$$9x - 20x = -56 + 12$$

$$-11x = -44$$

$$\frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{11}x}}{\underset{-11}{\cancel{-11}_1}} = \frac{\overset{-4}{\cancel{-44}}}{\underset{-11}{\cancel{-11}_1}}$$

$$x = 4$$

答  $x = 4$

(4)  $\frac{x-6}{2} = \frac{4x-14}{3}$

★

$$\frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{6}}(x-6)}{\underset{2}{\cancel{2}_1}} = \frac{\overset{2}{\cancel{6}}(4x-14)}{\underset{3}{\cancel{3}_1}}$$

$$3(x-6) = 2(4x-14)$$

$$3x - 18 = 8x - 28$$

$$3x - 8x = -28 + 18$$

$$-5x = -10$$

$$\frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{5}x}}{\underset{-5}{\cancel{-5}_1}} = \frac{\overset{-2}{\cancel{-10}}}{\underset{-5}{\cancel{-5}_1}}$$

$$x = 2$$

答  $x = 2$

練習B 次の方程式を解け。

(1)  $\frac{2x+5}{3} + \frac{-4x+2}{5} = 1$

★

$$\frac{5 \cancel{15} (2x+5)}{\cancel{3}_1} + \frac{3 \cancel{15} (-4x+2)}{\cancel{5}_1} = 1 \times 15$$

$$5(2x+5) + 3(-4x+2) = 15$$

$$10x + 25 - 12x + 6 = 15$$

$$10x - 12x = 15 - 25 - 6$$

$$-2x = -16$$

$$\frac{-1 \cancel{2}x}{-\cancel{2}_1} = \frac{-8 \cancel{16}}{-\cancel{2}_1}$$

$$x = 8$$

答  $x = 8$

(2)  $\frac{2x-3}{4} + \frac{3x+2}{2} = 2$

★

$$\frac{1 \cancel{4} (2x-3)}{\cancel{4}_1} + \frac{2 \cancel{4} (3x+2)}{\cancel{2}_1} = 2 \times 4$$

$$(2x-3) + 2(3x+2) = 8$$

$$2x - 3 + 6x + 4 = 8$$

$$2x + 6x = 8 + 3 - 4$$

$$8x = 7$$

$$\frac{1 \cancel{8}x}{\cancel{8}_1} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{7}{8}$$

答  $x = \frac{7}{8}$

(3)  $x+1 + \frac{x+3}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

★

$$4x + 1 \times 4 + \frac{1 \cancel{4} (x+3)}{\cancel{4}_1} = \frac{1}{2} \times \cancel{4}_2$$

$$4x + 4 + (x+3) = 2$$

$$4x + 4 + x + 3 = 2$$

$$4x + x = 2 - 3 - 4$$

$$5x = -5$$

$$\frac{1 \cancel{5}x}{\cancel{5}_1} = \frac{-1 \cancel{5}}{\cancel{5}_1}$$

$$x = -1$$

答  $x = -1$

(4)  $\frac{1-2x}{4} - \frac{4x+14}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$

★

$$\frac{3 \cancel{12} (1-2x)}{\cancel{4}_1} - \frac{4 \cancel{12} (4x+14)}{\cancel{3}_1} = \frac{1}{6} \times \cancel{12}_2$$

$$3(1-2x) - 4(4x+14) = 2$$

$$3 - 6x - 16x - 56 = 2$$

$$-6x - 16x = 2 - 3 + 56$$

$$-22x = 55$$

$$\frac{-1 \cancel{22}x}{-\cancel{22}_1} = \frac{5 \cancel{55}}{-\cancel{22}_2}$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{2}$$

答  $x = -\frac{5}{2}$

(5)  $x-2 - \frac{x+2}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$

★

$$6x - 2 \times 6 - \frac{3 \cancel{6} (x+2)}{\cancel{2}_1} = \frac{1}{3} \times \cancel{6}_2$$

$$6x - 12 - 3(x+2) = 2$$

$$6x - 12 - 3x + 15 = 2$$

$$6x - 3x = 2 + 12 - 15$$

$$3x = -1$$

$$\frac{1 \cancel{3}x}{\cancel{3}_1} = \frac{-1}{3}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

答  $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

(6)  $\frac{3x-6}{4} - \frac{2x+5}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$

★

$$\frac{2 \cancel{8} (3x-6)}{\cancel{4}_1} - \frac{1 \cancel{8} (2x+5)}{\cancel{8}_1} = \frac{1}{2} \times \cancel{8}_4$$

$$2(3x-6) - (2x+5) = 4$$

$$6x - 12 - 2x - 5 = 4$$

$$6x - 2x = 4 + 12 + 5$$

$$4x = 21$$

$$\frac{1 \cancel{4}x}{\cancel{4}_1} = \frac{21}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{21}{4}$$

答  $x = \frac{21}{4}$